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MONSIEUR LE MINISTRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES ET DE LA COOPERATION -RABAT-		
DESTINATAIRE PRINCIPAL : CAB1-DG/7/2		
DESTINATAIRE POUR INFORMATION : MD/2-SG/4-DG8/1-DG8/3		
FAX N°: F/ 374 /MA/13	DATE: 6 mai 2013	PAGE(S): 13

**Objet : Derniers développements concernant le dossier syrien à l'ONU .**

J'ai l'honneur de vous communiquer, ci-après, quelques éléments d'information, relatifs à la situation en Syrie et son traitement tant au niveau du Conseil de Sécurité qu'à l'Assemblée Générale:

**1- Visite éventuelle du Conseil de Sécurité dans les pays voisins de la Syrie:**

Cette question a été évoquée, ce matin, par le Royaume Uni, au titre des questions diverses. Le débat y afférent s'est limité au Royaume Uni, la France, la Chine et la Russie. Son contenu autorise à dire que *cette visite n'aura pas lieu*, en raison de l'opposition russo-chinoise. En effet, les Représentants Permanents russe et chinois ont exprimé des préoccupations sur le principe de la visite, arguant que ce sont les agences onusiennes, notamment le HCR et l'OCHA, qui sont habilitées à s'enquérir de la situation des réfugiés et qu'en conséquence, le Conseil ne devrait pas outrepasser son mandat.

Pour contrecarrer la visite, la Russie a fait une deuxième proposition qui privilégie la tenue d'une "Conférence internationale sur les réfugiés syriens", en se référant à la demande faite, à ce sujet, par le MAE libanais lors de sa récente visite à Moscou.

Un échange a eu lieu entre la France et la Russie qui, tout en accusant certains membres du Conseil de vouloir impliquer les pays voisins dans les manœuvres visant une solution militaire au conflit, a refusé d'exprimer clairement son opposition à la visite du Conseil dans la région.

Dans ce contexte, le Représentant Permanent de la Turquie a informé, ce matin, le Président du Conseil par lettre, ci-jointe, que son pays souhaite recevoir la visite des membres du Conseil dans le cadre de leur déplacement éventuel en Jordanie.

**2- Réactions aux attaques récemment perpétrées par Israël contre la Syrie:**

Tout d'abord, il sied de signaler qu'aucun membre du Conseil de Sécurité n'a évoqué cette question aujourd'hui. Les autres réactions se résument comme suit:

Le Représentant Permanent de la Syrie a saisi le Président du Conseil de Sécurité et le Secrétaire Général des NU, par lettre identique, ci-jointe, à ce sujet, en indiquant, notamment que "le double raid israélien contre des cibles autour de Damas, vient confirmer l'implication d'Israël dans le conflit syrien, ainsi que ses liens avec le Front Annusra affilié à Al-Qaïda".

Il a, de surcroît, fait savoir que l'agression israélienne a eu lieu "avec la bénédiction américaine, comme en témoignent les récentes déclarations des responsables de ce pays".

Enfin, et tout en réitérant le droit de son pays à la légitime défense, le diplomate syrien a appelé le Conseil de Sécurité à "assumer ses responsabilités dans ce contexte et à condamner les agressions israéliennes".

L'Iran en sa qualité de Président du Groupe des Non-alignés, a distribué aux membres du Groupe un projet de communiqué à la demande de la Syrie. Ce communiqué, dont copie jointe, demande au Conseil de Sécurité de réagir, en condamnant les attaques israéliennes". Il devrait être diffusé demain.

De même, le Liban a saisi le Conseil de Sécurité par lettre de son Représentant Permanent sollicitant, également, sa "condamnation des violations continues par Israël de son espace aérien".

Pour sa part, le Secrétaire Général, a appelé dans un communiqué, publié hier, toutes les parties à "agir dans le calme et à exercer la plus grande retenue, afin de prévenir l'escalade d'un conflit déjà dévastateur et extrêmement dangereux".

### **3- Résolution de l'Assemblée Générale:**

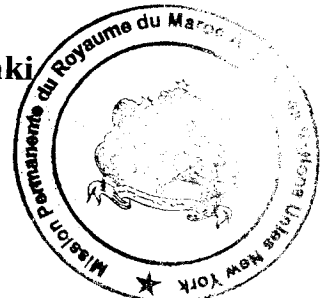
Le Groupe restreint a adopté après quelques amendements techniques au paragraphe 25, relatif à l'établissement de la Coalition nationale de l'opposition, la version finale de ce Projet qui devrait être mis au vote, probablement Jeudi prochain.

Pendant ce temps, les campagnes de lobbying en soutien et en opposition au projet battent leur plein avec, notamment, une lettre du Représentant Permanent de la Syrie adressée à tous ses membres pour attirer leur attention, entre autres, sur "les violations juridiques et procédurales de l'initiative du Qatar" et pour expliquer la position de son pays par rapport à la représentation de la Syrie auprès de NU, et ce à la lumière de la décision de la Ligue arabe à cet égard.

Dans ce contexte, une rencontre est prévue, demain, entre l'Ambassadeur du Qatar et le Groupe africain, en vue de lui présenter le Projet. Il sied de signaler, à ce sujet, que le Représentant du Qatar aurait refusé de faire sa présentation en présence de son homologue syrien, également invité par le Groupe africain, et-ce pour éviter un autre échange houleux similaire à celui qui a eu lieu au sein du Groupe asiatique mardi dernier.

**Haute Considération**  
**L'Ambassadeur, Représentant Permanent**

  
**Mohammed Loulichki**



PERMANENT MISSION OF TURKEY  
TO THE UNITED NATIONS

NEW YORK

*Ambassador*

2013/14136816/205215

06 May 2013

Excellency,

With reference to the recent consultations in the Security Council on the regional repercussions of the Syrian crisis, and the prospect for a visit of the Council to the region in this regard, I have the honor to inform You that the Turkish Government would welcome a visit of the Council to Turkey, in view of the fact that it could provide the Council with the opportunity to receive first-hand information on the plight of the Syrians, who have sought protection in Turkey.

I would be grateful if this present letter is also brought to the attention of the members of the Security Council.



Y. Halit ÇEVİK

H.E. Mr. Kodjo Menan  
The President of the Security Council of the United Nations  
New York



## **Ban lance un appel à la retenue suite aux informations faisant état de frappes aériennes par Israël contre la Syrie**

5 mai 2013 – Le Secrétaire général Ban Ki-moon est gravement préoccupé par les informations selon lesquelles des frappes aériennes auraient été lancées par Israël en Syrie, a déclaré dimanche son porte-parole, qui a souligné que les Nations Unies n'avaient pas de détails au sujet des incidents signalés et n'étaient pas en position de vérifier de manière indépendante les circonstances dans lesquelles ils se seraient produits.

« Le Secrétaire général appelle toutes les parties à agir dans le calme et à exercer la plus grande retenue afin de prévenir l'escalade d'un conflit déjà dévastateur et extrêmement dangereux », précise la déclaration du Secrétaire général.

« [Il] exhorte au respect de la souveraineté nationale et de l'intégrité territoriale de tous les pays de la région, conformément aux résolutions pertinentes du Conseil de sécurité », poursuit le porte-parole.

Une série d'explosions puissantes a secoué les environs de Damas ce matin. La télévision d'état syrienne accuse Israël d'avoir effectué des tirs de missiles contre des installations militaires syriennes, selon les médias.

Le porte-parole de M. Ban a souligné qu'« à ce stade, les Nations Unies ne disposent pas de détails concernant les incidents signalés. [Elles] ne sont pas davantage en mesure de vérifier de manière indépendante ce qui s'est passé ».

Les responsables de l'ONU, notamment M. Ban et son Secrétaire général adjoint aux affaires politiques, Jeffrey Feltman, ont dit à de nombreuses occasions que la solution politique était la seule possible pour résoudre la situation en Syrie et dans la région.

Depuis le soulèvement contre le Président Bachar Al-Assad en mars 2011, plus de 70.000 personnes, principalement des civils, ont été tuées et près de trois millions déplacées.



**THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE SYRIAN ARAB  
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PM/2013/ 446

MOST URGENT

May 02, 2013

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Permanent and Observer Missions of Member States to the United Nations, and following its Note-Verbal 427 dated April 10, 2013 regarding the draft resolution, entitled "The Situation in the Syrian Arab Republic", has the honor to inform that despite all the substantive observations and suggested amendments addressed by many Member States, the sponsors of the draft resolution are still persistent with their efforts to impose their own agenda on the wide membership of the General Assembly even after the issuance of the forth version of draft.

The Syrian Mission finds itself obliged to forward to you the following elements, in which it reiterates its explanation of the very provocative approach followed in drafting the draft resolution, both on the form as well as on the substance. This explanation might serve to enable you to better understand the real hostile political intentions of the drafters, as well as to remind you that a total rejection of the drafters' illegitimate attempt is needed right now to stop this unprecedented process that targets unlawfully the very basic provisions of the Charter, as well as the sovereign equality among Member States.

In this regard, the Syrian Mission would like to draw your kind attention to the following:

1- The drafters are still referring in operative paragraph 25 to the "National Coalition of the Syrian Revolution and Opposition Forces". This particular paragraph **welcomes** the establishment of the "Coalition" and goes further to note that the "Coalition" is the legitimate representative of the Syrian People:

- As a matter of fact, since the beginning of the crisis in Syria, certain Member States' authorities unlawfully engaged in the crisis, and started creating and promoting for certain opposition groups outside Syria. At the outset, Turkey, Saudi Arabia and Qatar authorities established what is called "Syrian National Council" in Istanbul. After its failure, Qatar took the lead, and established the so called "National Coalition of the Syrian Revolution and Opposition Forces"

- The so called "Coalition" is in no way a representative neither of the Syrian People, nor of the different opposition groups. Ironically, the truth is that the scenario which was orchestrated by Qatar and Saudi Arabia during the Arab Summit in Doha, with regard to giving the Syrian seat to the "Coalition", widened the gap between the "Coalition" and the different political opposition groups, whether external or internal; needless to mention the enormous opposition of all armed groups operating in Syria to the "Coalition" and the newly so called elected "Prime Minister".
- After what happened before and during Doha Summit, the members of the "Coalition" publicly unveiled the scandalous process that led to the appointment of the so called opposition "head of Government", who is residing outside Syria and has not yet formulated his so called "Government". This process resulted in imposing a fake "prime minister" who has no qualifications, whatsoever, but to be a member of an Islamic fundamental group.
- This process led to huge waves of resignations in the "Coalition" itself, including the head of the "Coalition", followed by withdrawal of those resignations due to financial and political pressure exerted by Qatar and its allies.
- There are no doubts that Qatar, who is leading the discussions of the draft resolution, is trying to get the United Nations' wide membership involved in this illegitimate game, in order to give the impression that those roughly 60 persons who constitute the so called "Coalition", and whom it hosts and provides with salaries and media support, are "the legitimate representatives of the Syrian People".

2- The drafters are still requesting the General Assembly to welcome the efforts of the League of the Arab States (LAS) towards a political resolution of the situation in the Syrian Arab Republic and to welcome all relevant League of Arab States resolutions in this regards:

- In addition to what was mentioned in our above mentioned Note Verbal in this regard, it is worth noting that the LAS, itself, has recently retreated from its decision regarding giving the Syrian Arab Republic seat to the "Coalition". In fact, the Secretariat of the LAS circulated a note-verbal to all its Member States and offices in different regions of the world, in which it expressed its preference to postpone the implementation of its earlier decision in this regard, and to ask the representatives of the "coalition", instead, to not attend its meetings, pending the formation of an interim Government.
- Moreover, the president of the Arab Parliament has declared after the meeting of the Parliament Bureau, held at the LAS headquarter on April 20, 2013, that: "The participation of the Coalition of the Syrian Revolution and Opposition Forces in the Arab Parliament is subject to the existence of an effective authority of the Coalition that represents all spectrums of the Syrian People".
- It is non-comprehensible how the drafters are trying to convince the full membership of the General Assembly that the LAS resolutions are aiming

*on 20/4/13  
as required*

towards a political resolution of the situation in Syria, while one of those resolutions gives green light to the LAS members to provide arms to the armed groups, contrary to the essence of Brahimi mission.

3- The drafters of the resolution are trying to give the impression that the draft is based on consensus among Arab States, while ignoring the fact that even the LAS above mentioned decisions themselves are non-consensual, noting that certain Arab States either opposed or disassociated themselves from those decisions.

4- The draft resolution represents a clear incitement to violence and terrorism, and it reflects a blatant interference in Syria's internal affairs. The draft fails to acknowledge the existence of thousands of foreign terrorists fighting in Syria, committing their heinous crimes against Syria and its people.

5- If the purpose of this draft resolution, as falsely declared, is to stand by the Syrian People, one can expect the drafters to underline the dangerous consequences of the wide spread of terrorism in Syria, one can expect the resolution to send a clear cut message to those who sponsor terrorists fighting in Syria to stop their crimes, one can expect shedding light on the dangerous and alarming regional and international repercussions of letting tens of thousands of foreign terrorists to operate in Syria, many of whom are driven by fundamental and extremist thoughts and associated with Al Qaeda.

6- The Special Envoy, Mr. Lakhdar Brahimi, confirmed during his last briefing to the Security Council, that more than 40 thousands foreign terrorists are fighting in Syria. Moreover, United Nations reports confirmed that fighters from 29 countries have infiltrated into Syria to join the terrorists in their fight against the Syrian Government. It is important also to draw the attention to a research conducted by the "International Center for the Study of Radicalism UK", which concluded that more than 805 terrorist came from European Countries only. Another Study, conducted by "Gatestone Institute, NY" indicated that more than 1000 Islamists from across Europe are currently active as Jihadists in Syria.

**The Syrian Mission reiterates that the proposed draft resolution is biased and politically motivated. The draft reflects the reality of the scandalous involvement of certain Member States in all kinds of supporting and inciting violence and terrorism. This draft constitutes a mere machination aiming at preparing the ground for an unprecedented attempt to contest the legitimate representation of the Syrian Government to the United Nations.**

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic emphasizes once again the principles of sovereignty, sovereign equality, territorial integrity and noninterference in the internal affairs of any Member State, as stated in the Charter of United Nations. The Syrian Mission also reaffirms the exclusive and primary responsibility of the State to protect its own people, as a fundamental rule of international law approved by the founding fathers of this organization.

In conclusion, the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic kindly urges all Member States to **vote AGAINST** the above mentioned resolution. By voting **AGAINST** the draft, you will contribute to maintaining the principles and purposes of the Charter, and also prevent creating a dangerous precedence, noting that voting in abstention will disservice those essential principles.

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations avails itself of its opportunity to renew the Permanent Missions to the United Nations, the assurances of its highest consideration.

Permanent Missions of Member States  
to the United Nations





رسالتان متطابقتان مؤرختان في ٢٠١٣/٥/٥ موجهتان من المندوب الدائم  
للجمهورية العربية السورية لدى الأمم المتحدة إلى كل من الأمين العام  
للأمم المتحدة ورئيس مجلس الأمن.

بناءً على تعليمات من حكومة الجمهورية العربية السورية، أحيطكم علم بما يلي:

في الساعة الواحدة وأربعين دقيقة بتوقيت دمشق من صباح يوم الأحد الواقع في  
٢٠١٣/٥/٥ قامت طائرات حربية إسرائيلية بحدوان جوي صاروخي من الأراضي  
الإسرائيلية ومن جنوب لبنان باتجاه ثلاثة مواقع تابعة للقوات المسلحة في الجمهورية العربية  
السورية تقع في شمال شرق جمرانيا وفي ميسلون وفي مطار تراسي بمنطقة الديماس في  
دمشق وريفها. وقد أسفر العدوان الإسرائيلي عن سقوط العديد من الشهداء والجرحى في  
صفوف المواطنين السوريين وأدى إلى تدمير واسع في هذه المواقع وفي المناطق المدنية  
التربية منها.

يأتي هذا العدوان الإسرائيلي السافر تأكيداً للتنسيق بين إسرائيل والمجموعات  
الإرهابية والتكفيريين التابعين لجبهة النصرة، أحد أذرع القاعدة بهدف تقديم دعم عسكري  
مباشر للمجموعات الإرهابية بعد فشل محاولاتها مؤخراً في تحقيق سيطرة على الأرض،  
الأمر الذي لا يدع مجالاً للشك بأن إسرائيل هي المستفيد والمحرك، والمنفذ في بعض  
الأحيان، لما تشهده سورية من أعمال إرهابية تستهدفها دولة وشعباً، سواء بشكل مباشر أو  
غير أداتها في الداخل. وتؤكد الجمهورية العربية السورية في هذا الإطار بطلان المزاعم  
التي أطلقتها إسرائيل في الآونة الأخيرة لتبرير أعمالها العدوانية بذريعة نقل أسلحة إلى  
خارج الحدود السورية.

إن استمرار إسرائيل بأعمالها العدوانية من شأنه زيادة التوتر في المنطقة وجرها إلى حرب إقليمية واسعة النطاق تهدد السلم والأمن الدوليين في المنطقة وفي العالم. وتعتبر حكومة الجمهورية العربية السورية أن التصريحات الأمريكية التي سبقت وأعقبت شن الغارات المذكورة شجعت إسرائيل على القيام بعملياتها ووأزت غطاءً سياسياً لها لخرق السيادة السورية في انتهاك واضح لميثاق الأمم المتحدة وقواعد القانون الدولي. إن الجمهورية العربية السورية، إذ تؤكد على حقها في الدفاع عن نفسها وأرضها وسيادتها، تطالب مجلس الأمن الدولي بتحمل مسؤولياته تجاه وقف العدوان الإسرائيلي على سورية لمنع تكراره والحيلولة دون تدهور الوضع في المنطقة وخروجه عن السيطرة. وتعتبر سورية أن استمرار بعض الدول الدائمة العضوية بمجلس الأمن بتوفير الغطاء لاستمرار إسرائيل في عدوانها واحتلالها للأراضي العربية، بما في ذلك الجولان العربي السوري المحتل، يحملها المسؤولية الكاملة عن التبعات التي يمكن أن تنجم عن الأعمال العدوانية الإسرائيلية.

وسأكون ممتناً إذا ما تم إصدار هذه الرسالة كوثيقة رسمية من وثائق مجلس الأمن.

المنذوب الدائم



نيويورك

الرقم الصادر: ٦١٠-أ/٢٠١٣

نيويورك في: ٥/٥/٢٠١٣

سعادة رئيس مجلس الامن،

بناء على تعليمات من حكومتي، أود ان احيطكم علماً ان الطيران الاسرائيلي يستمر في حرق الاجواء اللبنانية وقد كثف في الايام الماضية طلعاته الجوية فوق لبنان مما يشكل حرقاً فاضحاً لسيادة بلادي وللقرارات الدولية ذات الصلة لاسيما القرار ١٧٠١، كما يمثل انتهاكاً واضحاً لميثاق الامم المتحدة ومبادئ القانون الدولي واحكامه.

وإذ أكرر احترام حكومة بلادي لالتزاماتها بموجب القرارات الدولية، إنني اطالب باسمها مجلس الامن بإدانة هذه الحروقات بأشد العبارات، وبالزام اسرائيل وقف حرقها لسيادة لبنان جواً وبحراً وارضاً، وتنفيذ كافة موجباتها وفق القرار ١٧٠١.

أرجو من سعادتكم توزيع هذه الرسالة على أعضاء مجلس الأمن وإصدارها كوثيقة رسمية من وثائق المجلس في إطار بند الحالة في الشرق الاوسط، علماً أنني وجهت رسالة متطابقة الى سعادة الامين العام للامم المتحدة.

السفير

د. نواف سلام

المندوب الدائم

سعادة رئيس مجلس الامن

السفير ميان كودجو المحترم

نيويورك



*J. Aghajani*

## CHAIR OF THE COORDINATING BUREAU OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT

**Member Countries**

1. Afghanistan
2. Algeria
3. Angola
4. Antigua and Barbuda
5. Azerbaijan
6. Bahamas
7. Bahrain
8. Bangladesh
9. Belarus
10. Belize
11. Benin
12. Bhutan
13. Bolivia
14. Botswana
15. Brunei Darussalam
16. Burkina Faso
17. Burundi
18. Cambodia
19. Cameroon
20. Cape Verde
21. Central African Republic
22. Chad
23. Chile
24. Colombia
25. Comoros
26. Congo
27. Cote d'Ivoire
28. Cuba
29. Democratic People's Republic of Korea
30. Democratic Republic of the Congo
31. Djibouti
32. Dominica
33. Dominican Republic
34. Ecuador
35. Egypt
36. Equatorial Guinea
37. Eritrea
38. Ethiopia
39. Fiji
40. Gabon
41. Gambia
42. Ghana
43. Grenada
44. Guatemala
45. Guinea Bissau
46. Guinea
47. Guyana
48. Haiti
49. Honduras
50. India
51. Indonesia
52. Iran (I. R.)
53. Iraq
54. Jamaica
55. Jordan
56. Kenya
57. Kuwait
58. Lao People's Democratic Republic
59. Lebanon
60. Lesotho
61. Liberia
62. Libya
63. Madagascar
64. Malawi
65. Malaysia
66. Maldives
67. Mali
68. Mauritania
69. Mauritius
70. Mongolia
71. Morocco
72. Mozambique
73. Myanmar
74. Namibia
75. Nepal
76. Nicaragua
77. Niger
78. Nigeria

**NAM 2013/ CoB/176**

The Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, in its capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement (CoB-NAM), Presents its compliments to the Permanent Missions and Permanent Observer Mission to the United Nations that are Members of the Non-Aligned Movement and has the honour to circulate the draft statement on the act of aggression committed on 5 May 2013 by Israel against the Syrian Arab Republic.

Comments, if any, should be sent to this Permanent Mission by 9: 30 a.m. on Tuesday, 7 May 2013. The Draft will be issued as the Statement of the CoB, if no comments are received by the above-mentioned date and time.

The Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, in its capacity as Chair of the CoB-NAM, avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Permanent Missions and Permanent Observer Mission to the United Nations that are Members of the Non-Aligned Movement the assurances of its highest consideration.

**the Permanent Missions and Permanent Observer Mission  
to the United Nations that are Members  
of the Non-Aligned Movement  
New York**

80. Oman
81. Pakistan
82. Palestine
83. Panama
84. Papua New Guinea
85. Peru
86. Philippines
87. Qatar
88. Rwanda
89. Saint Kitts and Nevis
90. Saint Lucia
91. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
92. Sao Tome and Principe
93. Saudi Arabia
94. Senegal
95. Seychelles
96. Sierra Leone
97. Singapore
98. Somalia
99. South Africa
100. Sri Lanka
101. Sudan
102. Swaziland
103. Swaziland
104. Syrian Arab Republic
105. Thailand
106. Timor Leste
107. Togo
108. Trinidad and Tobago
109. Tunisia
110. Turkmenistan
111. Uganda
112. United Arab Emirates
113. United Republic of Tanzania
114. Uzbekistan
115. Vanuatu
116. Venezuela
117. Vietnam
118. Yemen
119. Zambia
120. Zimbabwe

**Observer Countries**

1. Argentina
2. Armenia
3. Bosnia and Herzegovina
4. Brazil
5. China
6. Costa Rica
7. Croatia
8. El Salvador
9. Kazakhstan
10. Kyrgyzstan
11. Mexico
12. Montenegro
13. Paraguay
14. Serbia
15. Tajikistan
16. Ukraine
17. Uruguay

**Observer Organizations**

1. African Union
2. Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization
3. Commonwealth Secretariat
4. Kanak Socialist National Liberation Front
5. League of Arab States
6. National Indonesian Movement for the Independence of Puerto Rico
7. Organization of Islamic Cooperation
8. South Center
9. United Nations
10. World Peace Council





**THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE SYRIAN ARAB  
REPUBLIC TO THE UNITED NATIONS**

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PM/2013/

May 05, 2013

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, in its capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, and has the honor to inform of the act of aggression committed by Israel against the Syrian Arab Republic on Sunday 5 May 2013, when Israeli warplanes carried out an air missile attack targeted three sites of the Syrian Armed Forces.

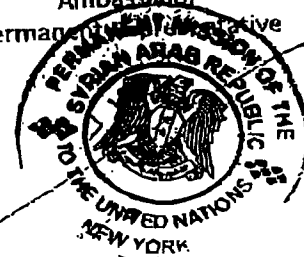
The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations, while counting on the support and solidarity of the members of the Non-Aligned Movement through issuing a statement condemning this act of aggression, has the honor to attach herewith a draft statement for NAM members consideration.

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations, would highly appreciate the circulation of this note and its attachment among NAM member states.

The Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations avails itself of its opportunity to renew to the Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations, in its capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, the assurances of its highest consideration

Permanent Mission of  
the Islamic Republic of Iran  
to the United Nations,  
Chair of the Coordinating Bureau  
of the Non-Aligned Movement

Bashar Ja'afari  
Ambassador  
Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations





**CHAIR OF  
THE COORDINATING BUREAU  
OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT**



**DRAFT STATEMENT**

**On the Act of Aggression Committed by Israel against the Syrian Arab Republic on 5 May 2013**

The Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement condemns, in the strongest possible terms, the act of aggression committed by Israel against the Syrian Arab Republic on Sunday, 5 May 2013, when Israeli warplanes, coming from the occupied territories and southern Lebanon, carried out an air missile attack, targeting three sites of the Syrian Armed Forces, namely, northeast of Jamraya, Maysaloun and a paragliding airport in al-Dimas area in Damascus and its suburbs. This aggression has caused huge destruction to those locations and to the civilian areas surrounding them, resulting in the deaths and injuries of scores of military and civilians.

The Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement considers this act a grave violation of the international law as it infringes upon Syrian sovereignty and constitutes a blatant violation of the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations.

The Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, while stressing the right of the Syrian Arab Republic to defend itself, its land and its sovereignty, requests the UN Security Council to shoulder its responsibilities by clearly condemning this Israeli aggression against the Syrian Arab Republic, taking necessary measures to prevent its recurrence and holding Israel accountable for this act of aggression and its consequences in order to avoid the deterioration of the situation in the region, which might lead to a large scale regional war that would threaten regional and international peace and security.

New York, 7 May 2013